

HILLSIDE DEVELOPMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

Per Development Code Section 17.16.140, the Hillside Development Review process provides a mechanism to review development proposals in sensitive hillside areas, the intent is to minimize the adverse effects of grading, and to provide for the safety and benefit the welfare of the citizens of the city while allowing for reasonable development of land.

The Hillside Development Review is applicable to all projects within the hillside overlay zone and any properties with an eight percent slope or greater, including but not limited to:

- 1. Construction of one or more single-family homes.
- 2. Proposed lot development in conjunction with a tentative subdivision map.
- 3. Proposed lot development in conjunction with a general plan or Development Code amendment.

Exceptions: Projects, which are limited in scope (e.g., regrading of yard areas, pool/spa construction, additions to existing structures which are less than 1,000 square feet, and/or construction of accessory structures which are less than 960 square feet) (not including accessory dwelling units), may apply for a Minor Design Review. However, projects which require grading of large flat areas, including, but not limited to, such items as tennis courts or riding rings, shall require a Hillside Development Review application.

SECTION 1: Filing Requirements			
	1.	A Hillside Development Review Application through our Online Permit Center at https://www.cityofrc.us/onlinepermitcenter .	
	2.	Development package (see Section 3) uploaded to online application. NOTE: The development package must be in one single PDF file at a maximum size of 100 MB. Individual sheets or large files will not be accepted and will delay the intake process. Please follow the instructions for PDF Formatting Requirements for EDR Submission attached.	
	3.	Signed Property Owner Declaration Form (attached) uploaded to the online application. NOTE: The form must be signed by the legal property owner, property manager, or other legal representative of the property. Invalid signatures will not be accepted and will delay the intake process.	
	4.	Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) uploaded to the online application. Priority Project requirements are on a separate handout available from the Engineering Services Department at https://www.cityofrc.us/community-development/engineering.	
	5.	Filing Fees (see Section 2) will be assessed after all required documents are uploaded to the online application.	
SECTION 2: Filing Fees Refer to the Development Fee Schedule for most current fees. Additional fees may apply upon review of the application. Application fees apply to 1 st and 2 nd submittal. Additional processing fee will apply to 3 rd and subsequent submittals.			
	Hills	side Development – 4 or fewer DUs See current fee list.	



SECTION 3: Plan Preparation Guidelines

Plans	s not conf	orming to these guidelines will not be accepted for processing.		
	1. All uploaded plan documents shall be provided in PDF format. In addition, the applicant is encouraged to submit CAD/3E CAD and Building Information Model (BIM) files) following the approval of a project.			
	scale	2. All plans shall be drawn to an appropriate engineering and/or architectural scale, with the scale clearly labeled (Grading Plan scale should not typically exceed 1" = 40'). All elevations should, where feasible, be drawn to an architectural scale no smaller than 1/4" = 1'. All plans should be clear, legible, and accurately scaled.		
	3. All	plans shall be clearly labeled with the title of each sheet and have a unique sheet number.		
	4. All	site plans need to contain a north arrow and a legend identifying any symbols.		
	5. A o	ne-sheet index map shall be provided when a plan cannot contain the entire project on one sheet.		
	6. Exis	sting versus proposed improvements must be clearly identified and all items may not apply to all projects.		
heet	ts or larg atting Re	D: The development package must be in one single PDF file at a maximum size of 100 MB. Individual e files will not be accepted and will delay the intake process. Please follow the instructions for PDF equirements for EDR Submission attached.		
_		etailed Site Plan:		
		.1.7		
		Setbacks (actual) from all buildings to street curb face, and the side and rear property lines.		
		All structures, including distances from all property lines.		
		Street dedications and improvements (existing and proposed), including overhead utilities.		
		Access, both vehicular and pedestrian, showing driveway and sidewalk locations.		
		Off-street parking.		
		All street improvements and driveways on adjacent and across-the-street properties within 20 feet of the site.		
		All buildings within 20 feet of the site.		
		All easements (drainage, access, utility, equestrian, etc.).		
<u> </u>				
		Building and accessory structure locations, including pavement/sidewalks, trellises, light standards, trash enclosures, transformers, and monument signs, including dimensioned setbacks (front, rear, and sides).		
		Location, height, and materials of walls and fences.		



B.	Elev	Elevations:	
		Illustrative elevations of <u>all</u> sides of all buildings and structures. "Illustrative" building elevations means drawn with shadows to give a sense of depth with people, cars, or trees for scale. Do not cover the elevation with trees, cars, or people place them behind or on the side.	
		Draw and dimension building envelope lines on <u>all</u> elevations per Section 17.122.020 of the Development Code. See attached handout with examples of building envelopes.	
		Illustrative cross sections and enlargements or architectural elements or details as needed.	
		All exterior building materials shall be clearly labeled on each sheet of elevations.	
		For projects within the Etiwanda Specific Plan or Etiwanda North Specific Plan areas, label the architectural style (i.e. Santa Barbara Revival, California Ranch, Victorian, etc.).	
		Dimension the height of the highest wall and/or roof element and the height of any architectural features such as towers or cupolas.	
C.	Floo	or Plans:	
		All floors, including label use of each room (bedroom, kitchen, game room, etc.).	
		Dimension all exterior walls, doors, windows, and room sizes.	
D.	Roo	f Plan:	
		Overhead view of roof showing all ridges and valleys, vents, dormers, overhangs, hinge points.	
		Indicate direction of roof slope with arrows.	
E.		ceptual Grading Plan: Proposed items shall be designated with solid lines and existing s with short dashes or screened.	
		Identify structural Best Management Practices as outlined in the Water Quality Management Plan.	
		Proposed grading structures, curbs, walls (height), gutters, pavement, drainage structures, swales, mounding, slopes, open space, and trails. The plan shall include distances, spot elevations, gradients, finished contours, details, cross-sections, flow arrows, etc.	
		Existing grading same as for proposed grading, except shall be screened as a background for the proposed grading information.	
		Provide existing ground contour (1-foot minimum interval).	
		Existing features within 20 feet beyond site boundaries (label "To remain" or "To be removed") natural ground (contours), trees, structures, (pad and floor elevations), drainage courses, drainage facilities (type and size), streets, trails, slopes, etc.	
		Structures footprints, pad and floor elevations, retaining walls, stem walls, etc.	
		Cross-sections shall be drawn to both an engineering horizontal and vertical scale showing existing and proposed grading, cut versus fill conditions, wall heights (including retaining walls), and elevation differences (maximum and minimum conditions) between off-site structures and those on-site. At a minimum, provide at least two cross-sections: one each perpendicular to site boundaries. Sections shall extend through building pads and/or streets across the full site. Sections shall be drawn where the adjacent property is affected to the greatest extent.	
		Separate cut and fill areas with a clearly identified line. In addition, one copy of the plan shall be submitted with fill	
		areas colored in green and cut areas colored in red.	

Updated 02/2025



Easements, property lines, rights-of-way.
Earthwork quantities (cut and fill; import or export), and borrow and disposal areas.
Natural features (i.e., streams, rock outcroppings, mature trees) and areas to be preserved (undisturbed no grading).
Parkway culverts where drainage is directed to streets, except for single family residences.
Retaining walls top and footing elevations.
Shade pavement and slopes 3:1 or steeper.
Location, elevation, and size of proposed building pads.
Streets existing and proposed cross-sections, improvements, rights-of-way, etc. Show centerline radii and gradient.
Existing and proposed sewers or other method of sewering.
Indicate location of benchmark(s).
Downhill private driveway, provide a minimum of six feet at 6% slope adjacent to the driveway approach.
Provide an 18-foot area at 5% maximum slope in front of the garage.
Uphill private driveway, provide a minimum length of 6 feet at 6% slope, and 20% slope and 22% with maximum length of 10 feet. Coarse material or grooves shall be required for slope of 20 % or steeper.
4-foot maximum height of retaining wall. If over 4 feet, terrace wall shall be required.
Provide all wall and retaining wall height, both existing and proposed with elevations.
Show horse corral if it is a horse trail community, 24' x 24' or 12' x 48', 30' away from the house and 70 feet from neighbor's homes.
Show the required building setbacks.
Show actual setbacks (property line to structure, and all distance between structures).
Provide cross sections transversely and longitudinally. If requested, additional sections shall be provided.
2:1 maximum slope for cut and fill.
2-foot bench at the top of slope.
Cut and fill exceeds 3 feet but less than 5 feet, Planning Director Review required.
Cut and fill exceeds 5 feet, Planning Commission Review required.
Cut and fill exceeds 1500 C.Y. Planning Commission Review required.
15-foot usable rear yard between house and top or toe of slope.
Dirt swale at 1 % minimum.
Construct Portland Concrete cement V ditch at .5 % minimum slope.



Slope Analysis Map: For the purpose of determining the amount and location of land, as it exists in its natural state, by a range of slope gradients.				
	Use base topographical map prepared by a registered civil engineer, landscape architect, or licensed land surveyor.			
	Drawn to a scale of not less than 1 inch to 100 feet and a contour interval same as Conceptual Grading Plan.			
	Include all surrounding properties within 150 feet of the site boundaries.			
	Draw slope bands in the range of 0 up to 5 percent, >5 percent up to 10 percent, >10 percent up to 15 percent, >15 percent up to 20 percent, >20 percent up to 25 percent, >25 percent up to 30 percent, and >30 percent.			
	Calculate land area in acres in each slope band and as a percentage of site total acreage.			
	Draw a heavy, solid line indicating the 8 percent grade differential.			
	In addition, one copy of the Map shall be colored with each slope band in contrasting colors.			
	Include source of data and scale of data used in slope analysis and slope profiles.			
	Slope shall be accurately calculated and identified consistent with the examples contained in Section 17.122.020 of the Development Code.			
Slo	e Profiles: A minimum of three slope profiles shall:			
	Be drawn at same scale and indexed, or keyed, to the Slope Analysis Map.			
	Show existing and proposed topography, structures, and infrastructure. Proposed topography, structures and infrastructure shall be drawn with a heavy, solid line. Existing topography, structures, and infrastructure shall be drawn with short dashes.			
	Include all surrounding properties within 150 feet of the site boundaries.			
	Be drawn along those locations of site where:			
	The greatest alteration of existing topography is proposed; and,			
	The most intense or bulky development is proposed; and,			
	The site is most visible from surrounding land uses; and,			
	At all site boundaries illustrating maximum and minimum conditions.			
	At least two slope profiles shall be roughly parallel to each other and roughly perpendicular to existing contour lines At least one other slope profile shall be roughly at a 45-degree angle to the other slope profiles and existing contour lines.			



1.

CITY OF RANCHO CUCAMONGA

SECTION 6: Fire District Submittal Requirements

Fire District Standard.

For questions or to obtain additional information, please contact the Fire District at RCFire@CityofRC.us or 909-477-2770

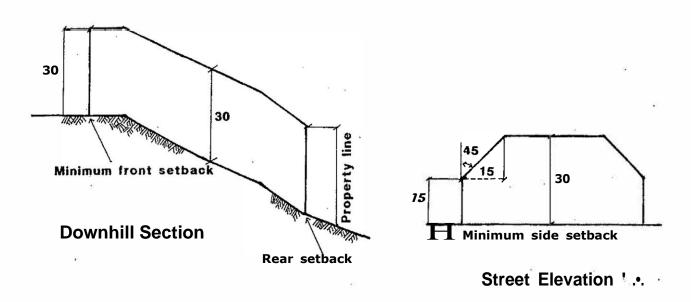
Services Department and Fire District require this information to provide the applicant with a complete review and applicable comments. 2. Annexation of the project into the Community Facilities District #85-1 or #88-1, as applicable, for fire protection services is required for new construction on sites that have not been previously annexed. Please contact the City's Special Districts division to determine if the site has been previously annexed or is required to be annexed as a condition of approval of this project. If annexation is required, proof of annexation is required for the project application to be deemed complete. 3. Proof of available fire flow must be obtained from the water purveyor, either Cucamonga Valley Water District (CVWD) or Fontana Water Company (FWC). Allow sufficient time for the water purveyor to perform the test and produce a letter confirming the available fire flow. The applicant can submit the proof of the fire flow letter to the case file for this project through the Online Permit Center. The letter must be current (within one-year of the request) and be site specific. The fire flow requirement will be deemed complete only if the available fire flow meets or exceeds the fire flow required in accordance with the California Fire Code Chapter 9 and Appendix B. The required fire flow may be reduced by up to 75%, but not less than 1,500 GPM at 20 psi for buildings other than one- and two-family dwellings, Group R-3, R-3.1, and R-4 buildings and townhouses if the building will be equipped with an automatic fire sprinkler system in accordance with National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Standards 13, 13R, or 13D as applicable and allowed by these standards. A fire department and emergency vehicle access plan in compliance with the minimum requirements established by Fire District Standard 5-1 is required to be submitted. The applicant is required to design the fire lanes in accordance with the Standard, including aerial apparatus access for buildings with a highest point in excess of 30 feet. If gates are proposed to be installed across emergency vehicle access roads (fire lanes) the gate locations are required to be noted and designed to the applicable

The specifics of the buildings for this project, such as use, occupancy, square footage, height, number of stories and type of construction in accordance to the current California Building code must be included in the plans. The Building and Safety

- 5. A fire protection or defensible space landscape plan is required for all projects in the designated Rancho Cucamonga Wildland-Urban Interface Fire Area. For a project consisting of a single residential building of Group R-3, R-3.1, or R-4,a defensible space landscape plan in accordance with the provisions of Fire District Standard 49-1 is required to be approved for the project to be deemed complete. For all other projects, a fire protection plan in accordance with the provisions of Fire District Standard 49-1 is required to be approved for the project to be deemed complete.
 - a. The provisions of the Standard are applicable to new construction, additions to existing buildings and structures, the construction or placement of accessory structures on a parcel in the designated Wildland-Urban Interface Fire Area, and defensible space landscaping required by the various applicable provisions of the California Code of Regulations.
 - b. When not already provided, defensible space as detailed in the Vegetation Management and Landscaping Requirements of this Standard is required to be provided when any of the following occurs:
 - i. Construction of a new occupiable building or an addition to an existing occupiable building.
 - ii. Construction of an addition to an existing habitable or occupiable building.
 - iii. Construction or placement of a new accessory structure or an addition to an existing accessory structure.
 - iv. Approval of an outdoor storage area for a vehicle or vehicles.

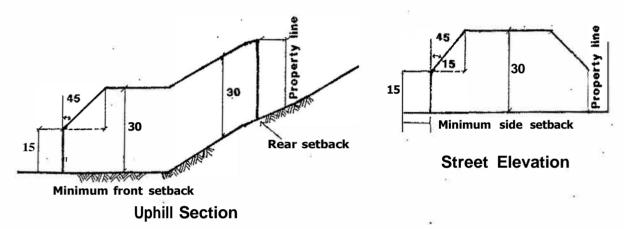
- 1. The building envelope for all structures shall be as follows:
 - a. <u>Downhill Lot</u> An overall maximum height of 30 feet is permitted, as measured from finished grade, from the minimum front setback extending towards the rear of the lot. The maximum height at the side setbacks shall be 15 feet extending up towards the center of the lot at a 45-degree angle to a maximum height of 30 feet as measured from finished grade.

EXAMPLE BUILDING ENVELOPE FOR DOWNHILL LOT



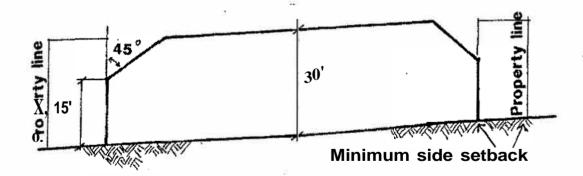
b. <u>Uphill Lot</u> - A maximum height of 15 feel is permitted at the minimum front setback and shall extend up and toward the rear of the lot at a 45-degree angle to a maximum overall height of 30 feet as measured from finished grade. A maximum height at the side setbacks shall be 15 feet extending up toward the center of the lot at a 45-degree angle to a maximum height of 30 feet as measured from finished grade.

EXAMPLE BUILDING ENVELOPE FOR UPHILL LOT



c. <u>Cross Slope Lots</u> • A maximum overall height of 30 feet is permitted, as measured from finished grade, from the minimum front setback extending toward the rear of the lot. The maximum height at the side setbacks shall be 15 feet extending up toward the center of the lot at a 45-degree angle to a maximum of 30 feet as measured from finished grade.

EXAMPLE BUILDING ENVELOPE FOR CROSS LOT SLOPE





PROPERTY OWNER DECLARATION FORM

Name of Proposed Project:		
Location of Project:	-	
Assessor's Parcel Number:		-
Applicant Name:		Phone Number: Email:
Address:		
Type of Review Requested		
Certificate of Appropriateness Certificate of Economic Hardship Community Plan Amendment Minor/Conditional Use Permit Major Design Review Development Agreement Development Code Amendment Entertainment Permit General Plan Amendment Hillside Design Review Home Occupation Permit OWNER DECLARATION I declare that, I am the owner, hereby consent to the filing of the afinancial commitments associated	I legally represent the owner, of real above information. Further, by signing with the proposed development have	Similar Use Determination Site Development Review Specific Plan Amendment Temporary Use Permit Tentative Subdivision Map Tree Removal Permit Uniform Sign Program Vacation of Easement Variance Zoning Map Amendment Other: property involved in this application and do, I attest that all individuals and entities with
Date: Signature:	test that I can provide proof that I lega	ally represent the owner.
Print Name and Title:		Phone Number: Email:
Address:		1



ONLINE PERMIT CENTER ELECTRONIC DOCUMENT REVIEW (EDR) SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

PDF FORMATTING REQUIREMENTS

Portable Document Format (PDF) is the industry standard for electronic plans. The City of Rancho Cucamonga only accepts PDF files for plan review. PDF files must be properly formatted as described below. <u>Please read the following instructions carefully</u>. <u>Improperly formatted plans can delay the plan review process for your project.</u>

Layers: No multiple layers. Layers must be merged or flattened.

Format: Vector preferred

Resolution: 300 pixels per inch (PPI)

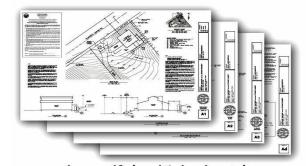
Color Depth: Monochrome (1-bit)

File Size: 1 megabyte (MB) avg. per sheet.

100 MB total

Grouping: Multiple-sheet PDF (single file with

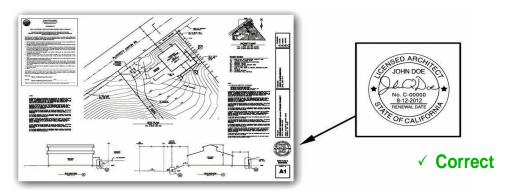
multiple sheets)



plans.pdf (multiple sheets)

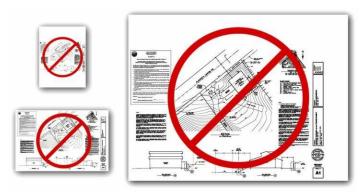
√ Correct

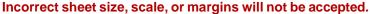
See "Formatting Q&A" on page 3 for more information on PDF file formatting and tips on how to create, convert, and merge PDF files. Each sheet of the plans must be <u>sealed and signed</u> by the designer of record. The signature may be applied to the drawing electronically (CCR Title 16, Div. 5, Sec. 411e).





All sheets must be consolidated into one plan set up to a maximum size of 100 MB. Please consolidate plans to the fewest number of files possible.







Incorrect orientation will not be accepted.

FORMATTING Q&A:

Question: Why does Rancho Cucamonga only accept PDF plans?

Answer: Rancho Cucamonga is responsible for maintaining records of plans and providing the public with access

to them. Files kept in our electronic database must be compatible with a wide range of computer software for storage, viewing, and printing. In addition, the file sizes must be manageable for transfer and for use

by the public and City staff.

The PDF standard is constantly evolving, and Rancho Cucamonga will continue to evaluate these

standards as necessary.

Question: Are raster-based PDF files acceptable?

Answer: Yes, assuming they meet the size limitation requirement of no more than 100 MB total. Vector-based PDF

files are typically much larger than raster-based files. However, the City prefers vector-based files given

the ability to scale these files.

Question: How do I combine multiple PDFs into a single file?

Answer: There are numerous PDF tools freely available on the Internet, which can be used to merge, rotate, and

rearrange PDF files.



Question:

My PDF files are too big. What am I doing wrong?

Answer:

Properly formatted and compressed raster PDF files should not exceed 1MB per sheet. If your files are larger, you may have made one of the following errors:

- Saving the plans as 8-bit (grayscale) or 24-bit (full-color) raster files will drastically increase the file size. Even if the images contain only black and white objects, 8-bit and 24-bit files still contain all of the shade and color data. Plans must be saved as 1-bit (monochrome).
- Uncompressed files are much larger than compressed files. Construction plans contain mostly white space. The data required to store this white space can be significantly reduced. When converting your PDFs to raster images, be sure to use a form of lossless compression (such as LZW). When creating or saving PDF files, remember to specify "compressed."

Question:

How do I convert a vector-based PDF to a raster-based PDF if my file size is too large?

Answer:

The industry standard software for working with PDF files is Adobe Acrobat; however, there are numerous PDF tools freely available on the Internet.

- Step 1: Save the vector-based PDF files as raster images (TIF or PNG). The format of the raster images is important (300 ppi, monochrome). We recommend TIF files with LZW compression.
- Step 2: Convert the raster images back to compressed PDF files.
- Step 3: Merge the individual PDF files into a single multi-sheet PDF file.

Question:

Some raster images are loading slowly in the PDF reader. What am I doing wrong?

Answer:

Transparent raster images require considerable resources to display. Even though the source image is not transparent, your CAD software may be plotting it with transparency (white pixels plotted as see-thru). Be sure to set image transparency "off" before plotting.